

## County Population Changes: 2014 to 2015

The fastest-growing county in Indiana between July 1, 2014, and July 1, 2015, was Boone County, where population rose 2.5%. Boone was followed by Hamilton County at 2.1%, Johnson County at 1.5, Hendricks County at 1.4% and Bartholomew County at 1.2%.

In numerical growth, Hamilton County added 6,419 people over the period, more than any other county in the state. It was followed by Marion County, which grew by 4,489 people, Rounding out the top five were: Allen County, 2,749; Tippecanoe

County, 2,156; and Johnson County, 2,144.

Fifty-four counties saw population decreases in the one-year time frame. The state's overall growth of 21,800 people (0.3%) was the second slowest since 1989.

### Percent Change in Population, 2014-2015

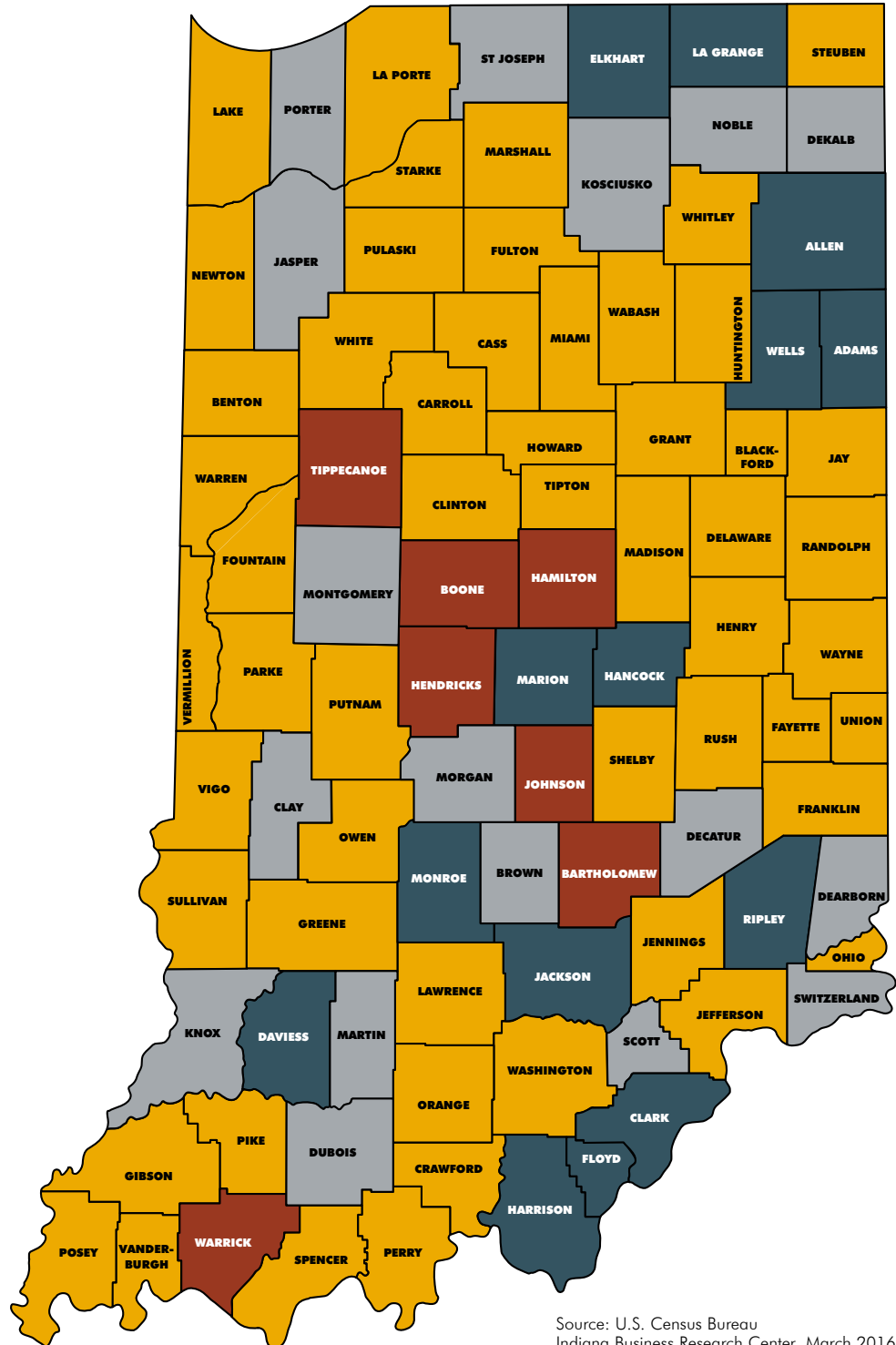
- 1.0% - 2.5% (7 counties)
- 0.5 - 0.9% (14 counties)
- 0.0% - 0.4% (17 counties)
- Decline (54 counties)

#### 10 Largest Counties

1. Marion: 939,020
2. Lake: 487,865
3. Allen: 368,450
4. Hamilton: 309,697
5. St. Joseph: 268,441
6. Elkhart: 203,474
7. Tippecanoe: 185,826
8. Vanderburgh: 181,877
9. Porter: 167,688
10. Hendricks: 158,192

#### 10 Smallest Counties

1. Ohio: 5,938
2. Union: 7,182
3. Warren: 8,269
4. Benton: 8,681
5. Martin: 10,226
6. Crawford: 10,483
7. Switzerland: 10,524
8. Blackford: 12,298
9. Pike: 12,594
10. Pulaski: 12,889



Source: U.S. Census Bureau  
Indiana Business Research Center, March 2016